

Policy:	Emergency Preparedness Overview			
Policy No.	EP-01-01			
Created:	December 2024			
Revised:	ised:			
Appendices:	1 – Fire Response Procedures Poster			
	2 – Evacuation Procedures Poster			
	POLICY			
Policy Statements:	All Southbridge homes will follow all emergency preparedness policies and procedures as outlined in the Emergency Preparedness manual to ensure the safety and well-being of residents, staff, and visitors in the event of an emergency. This manual complies with the requirements of the <i>Fixing Long-Term Care Act</i> , 2021 (FLTCA) and incorporates leading best practices in emergency preparedness and response. All homes will conduct three fire drills per month, at minimum, and conduct regular			
	practice exercises of all emergency response codes as outlined in the Emergency Preparedness manual.			
	Southbridge Care homes are committed to maintaining a safe and secure environment by implementing a comprehensive emergency preparedness and response program. The home will:			
	 Identify and Assess Risks: Conduct regular hazard identification and risk assessments to identify potential hazards and vulnerabilities specific to the home. Practice Emergency Plans: Refer to the Emergency Preparedness manual and provide education related to emergency response plans that address identified risks, including fire, extreme weather, power outages, infectious disease outbreaks, and other emergencies. Train and Educate Staff: Provide ongoing training and education to ensure all staff understand their roles and responsibilities during emergencies. Test and Revise Plans: Conduct regular drills and exercises to test emergency plans and create action plans to address identified opportunities for improvement based on lessons learned. Collaborate with Stakeholders: Work closely with residents, families, emergency services, public health authorities, and other community partners to enhance preparedness and response efforts. Scope: This policy applies to all employees, contractors, volunteers, residents, students and visitors. 			
Objectives:	 Establish a proactive approach to emergency preparedness. Ensure the annual completion of a Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment as scheduled in the Southbridge QRM app on the Bridge. Define roles and responsibilities to maintain emergency preparedness and effective management of emergencies when they do occur. 			



Emergency Preparedness Components:

1. Risk Assessment and Hazard Identification:

- Conduct an annual risk assessment using tools and methodologies recommended by provincial guidelines.
- Identify specific risks such as fires, floods, severe weather, pandemics, utility failures, and security threats.
- Maintain a hazard registry that is reviewed and updated annually.

2. Emergency Response Plan:

The Emergency Response Plan (ERP) will include:

- **Evacuation Procedures:** Clear protocols for partial and full evacuation, including transportation and relocation plans.
- **Shelter-in-Place Protocols:** Guidelines for keeping residents safe within the facility during emergencies.
- **Communication Plans:** Methods for timely communication with residents, families, staff, and external stakeholders.
- **Resource Allocation:** Inventory and management of emergency supplies such as food, water, medications, and medical equipment.
- **Continuity of Care:** Procedures to ensure uninterrupted care for residents, including those with complex needs.

3. Staff Training and Education:

- Orientation for all new staff on emergency procedures.
- Annual training sessions covering:
 - o Evacuation and shelter-in-place drills.
 - o Fire safety and use of fire extinguishers.
 - o Infection prevention and control during outbreaks.
 - o Roles and responsibilities during emergencies.

4. Drills and Exercises:

- Conduct at least one emergency drill per quarter, simulating various scenarios.
- Document and review drill outcomes to identify strengths and areas for improvement.
- Implement corrective actions based on drill evaluations.

5. Communication and Notification:

- Maintain updated contact lists for residents' families, staff, and external partners.
- Utilize multiple communication channels (e.g., phone, email, public address system) to disseminate information.
- Designate a spokesperson to provide updates to media and the public if required.

6. Collaboration with External Partners:

• Establish agreements with local long term care and retirement homes in case an evacuation is necessary. Also liaise with emergency services, public



	 health units, and community organizations and obtain their support during an emergency situation. Participate in regional emergency planning initiatives and information-sharing forums.
	7. Resident and Family Involvement:
	 Provide residents and families with information on emergency
	preparedness.
	 Encourage residents to participate in drills and provide feedback.
	 Address concerns and questions promptly to build confidence in the
	home's emergency preparedness.
Emergency Preparedness	The Manager, Policy Risk and Innovation will conduct annual reviews of
Manual - Monitoring and	the Emergency Preparedness manual and related procedures to ensure
Evaluation:	compliance with all regulatory requirements and evidenced-based best practices.
	2. The Executive Director/designate must identify and document all home
	specific information in the appropriate sections of the Emergency
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Preparedness manual.
Executive	ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES: 1. Encure compliance with the Fiving Long Term Care Act and related
Director/designate:	 Ensure compliance with the Fixing Long-Term Care Act and related regulations.
	2. Allocate resources for emergency preparedness and response education,
	drills and emergency response when an emergency occurs. Ensure all staff
	attend emergency response education and participate in at least one fire
	drill per year. Encourage residents, families, volunteers, students,
	• •
	contractors and visitors to participate in monthly fire drills as much as
_	possible.
	Post this policy and both appendices in conspicuous an easily
	accessible/visible locations throughout the home.
	4. Lead the implementation and evaluation of the Emergency Response
	manual within the home.
<u> </u>	5. Identify and document all home specific information, including the location
	,
	of the main command post and all other home specific information in the
_	appropriate locations throughout the Emergency Preparedness manual.
	6. Develop a Fire Safety Plan for the home and ensure it is reviewed and
	approved by the local Fire department. Review and revise this plan (as
	necessary) on an annual basis and more often if any renovations or
	changes are made to the building that could impact the site plan or the fire
	safety plan as a whole (ie) installation of a new sprinkler system in a home
<u> </u>	that previously did not have sprinklers.
	7. Coordinate the communication of emergency response plans with staff,
	residents, contractors, Resident and Family Councils, volunteers, students
	and visitors and external stakeholders.
	8. Ensure that three fire drills per month (minimum) are conducted in the
	home and that action plans to address opportunities for improvement are
	developed and implemented.



	9. Ensure that all emergency codes are practiced as outlined in the Emergency Preparedness manual and action plans to address opportunities			
	for improvement are developed and implemented.			
	10. Coordinate and conduct a major emergency preparedness exercise			
	involving at least two or more services in the home. Emergency services			
	providers should be involved in the exercise if possible (Fire, Ambulance,			
	Police, etc). This emergency exercise must involve a partial evacuation of			
	the home. Consider contacting your local municipal emergency			
	management official for assistance when planning your major emergency			
	preparedness exercise.			
	11. Ensure that the Emergency Bin is stocked and ready for use in an			
	emergency situation. See Tab 15 – Emergency Bin contents list. The bin			
	must be checked monthly to ensure that it is appropriately stocked, in			
	addition to after each time it is used.			
	12. Review the Emergency Response plan with the Occupational Health and			
	Safety Committee regularly.			
	13. Conduct a Hazard Identification and Risk Analysis as scheduled in the QRM			
	App on the Bridge.			
Director of Care:	Oversee the implementation of emergency response plans related to			
	resident care.			
All Staff:	Ensure staff are trained in emergency response protocols. Destining and drills.			
All Stall:	 Participate in training and drills. Be familiar with your role in response to all emergency codes as outlined in 			
	the Emergency Preparedness manual.			
	Follow emergency procedures and report any hazards or incidents			
	immediately.			
REFERENCES				
Accreditation Canada, Long-Term Care Services https://accreditation.ca/solutions/senior-residential-care/				
Ontario Fixing Long-Term Care Act, 2021 https://www.ontario.ca/laws/statute/21f39				
Ontario Regulation 246/22 made under the Fixing Long-Term Care Act, 2021				
https://www.ontario.ca/laws/regulation/r22246				
Health Quality Ontario, Quality Improvement Guide for Long Term Care, 2024				
https://www.hqontario.ca/portals/0/documents/qi/qi-ltc-improvement-guide-en.pdf				
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If you discover a fire, do the following:

If you are visiting our home and you discover a fire, please follow the following instructions:

1.	Warn persons nearby and leave the fire area immediately.	
2.	Activate the fire alarm system by pulling the closest manual pull station/fire alarm.	
3.	DO NOT USE THE ELEVATORS. Use the stairs, if necessary, and leave the building immediately.	
4.	Call 9-1-1 and give them the building address and location of the fire.	
5.	Do not return until it is declared safe to do so by the Chief Fire Official and/or the Executive Director/designate.	

If you are working in our home and you discover a fire, all staff members are to immediately shout "Code Red: <location of fire>", and commence R.E.A.C.T. procedures.

R	Remove those in immediate danger.	
E	Ensure windows and doors are closed.	
A	Activate the alarm.	
C	Call the Fire Department 9-1-1.	
Т	Try to extinguish the fire (if safe to do so)	



EVACUATION PROCEDURES:

Definitions:

- **Evacuation:** The process of moving residents, staff, and visitors to a safe location due to an emergency.
- **Emergency:** Any situation posing a threat to life, health, or property, including fire, flood, hazardous material spill, power outage, or structural damage.

RESPONSIBILITIES:

1. Executive Director/designate:

- Act as the Incident Commander (IC) during an evacuation.
- Ensure compliance with the FLTCA, 2021 and all applicable regulations.
- o Communicate with emergency services and regulatory bodies.
- Develop and maintain the home specific evacuation plan.
- Ensure that regular training and drills are conducted.

2. Nursing Staff:

- Prioritize the safe evacuation of residents, ensuring medical equipment and medications are accounted for.
- Document the location and condition of each resident.

3. Support Staff (e.g., maintenance, dietary, housekeeping):

 Assist with evacuation logistics, including clearing hallways and ensuring accessibility.

4. All Staff:

 Familiarize themselves with the evacuation plan and participate in training and drills.

5. VISITORS/FAMILIES:

 Stay low to the ground if smoke is detected and leave the building as safely and quickly as possible via the closest emergency exit.



PROCEDURES:

1. Pre-Evacuation Preparation

- **Practice the Evacuation Plan:** Practice evacuation routes, designated assembly areas, transportation arrangements, and communication protocols.
- **Resident Profiles:** Maintain updated profiles for each resident, including mobility status, medical needs, and emergency contacts.
- **Emergency Kits:** Prepare and store emergency kits with essential supplies (e.g., first aid, medications, resident identification tags).
- **Training and Drills:** Conduct quarterly evacuation drills involving staff and residents, with a focus on mobility assistance and communication.

2. Evacuation Triggers

- Evacuation may be initiated due to:
 - Fire alarm activation.
 - Directive from emergency services.
 - Detection of an imminent threat (e.g., structural damage, gas leak).

3. Activation of the Evacuation Plan

- Charge Nurse/Incident Commander Responsibilities:
 - o Announce the evacuation using the public address system or alarm.
 - Activate the Code Green Emergency Procedure and delegate roles (e.g., resident tracking, communication).
 - o Notify emergency services (Call 911)
- Executive Director/Communication:
 - Designate a staff member to contact families and substitute decisionmakers.
 - Activate evacuation agreements if necessary
 - Liaise with emergency services officials and provide updates to the Regional Director and Vice-President Operational Excellence and Vice-President LTC and Retirement Homes as appropriate

4. Evacuation Steps



Resident Prioritization:

- o Evacuate residents in immediate danger first.
- Evacuate residents in proximity to the danger next, starting with residents who require less assistance and then evacuating residents with the highest need for assistance next.
- o Use mobility aids, evacuation chairs, and stretchers as needed.

• Route Selection:

- Follow pre-identified evacuation routes. If blocked, use secondary routes
- Ensure clear paths by removing obstacles.

Assembly Points:

- Escort residents to designated safe zones within or outside the facility.
- o Conduct headcounts and verify resident locations.

Home Name:	ThorntonView
Home Specific Emergency Preparedness Plan	
	Every licensee of a long-term care home shall ensure that the emergency plans for the home are recorded in writing.
Last Reviewed:	12/3/2024

	Assistance	
FLTCA	The home has consulted with entities that may be involved in or provide emergency services in the area where the home is located including, without being limited to, community agencies, health service providers as defined in the Connecting Care Act, 2019, partner facilities and resources that will be involved in responding to the emergency, and keep a record of the consultation:	Extendicare - Winbourne Park LTC - 1020 Westney Road North, Ajax Southbridge - Reachview Care Home - 130 Reach Street, Uxbridge Southbridge - Fosterbrooke Care Home - 330 King Street W. Newcastle CALL 911 First For IMMEDIATE ASSISTANCE FROM FIRST RESPONDERS For Police - Fire - Ambulance
1	911 FIRST	Coordinates: Thornton Road South/ Gibb Street
2	On Call Manager	CALL: Weekly On Call Manager Contact 905-431-2569
3	The POLICY provides step by step proceedures for all Emergency	Emergency Preparedness and Response Manual, the Binder is BLACK
	Situations	
4	First On Scene	First on scene to pull specific incident policy and check list from the manual. Hard Copy of POLICY Manuals are located at the Welcome Centre
5	MOHLTC HOT LINE NOTIFICATION	Executive Director Work Cell 905-447-6004
	1-855-819-0879	Director of Care Work Cell Teresa Wierzbicka 289-404-1381
		On Call Manager Cell 905-431-2569
	Received information to be provided to ED who will share with Internal and External Response teams as per policy.	Regional Director Marva Griffith 289-980-0723
		Regional Clinical Manager Davina Dowdall 1-613-430-9848
		Southbridge Care VP of Long Term Care and Retirement Andrea Loft 289 244 2297
		Southbridge Care VP of Operational Quality and Excellence Judy Plummer 647 539 3953
I		Public Health Mandi Theberge 905-723-3818 ext.4651
		Medical Director Dr. Shaukat Hasan 905 576 5181
		Lakeridge Health Oshawa - 905-576-8711
		Public Health Medical Director Robert Kyle 905-723-3818 or 1-800-841-2729. Afterhours 905-576-9991 or 1-800-372- 1104.
6	Other community agencies and health service providers	
		1.Sandra Darlington, Nurse Practioner - Ontaria Health atHome - 905-621-5675
		2 Teresa Mocella, Care Rx Medication Pharmacy Operations Specialist - 647 290-6499 3 Durham Regional Police - 911/ Non Emergency 905-579-1520
		4 Ministry of Long-Term Care - After Hours - 1-888-999-6973
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	Hazards And Risk	
	The home will ensure that hazards and risks that may give rise to an	HIRA is Completed and Posted in the home (Yes or No): Yes.
	emergency impacting the home are identified and assessed, whether the hazards and risks arise within the home or in the surrounding vicinity or	If no, complete and the document is normally posted on the Occupational Health and Safety Bulletin Board
	community.	Consutlation with Resident and Family Council related to hazards and risks has taken place: June 26, 2025
7	Emergency Plans and Policy	
'	The home has emergency plans provide for dealing with emergencies,	
	including, without being limited to the following:	
	Outbreaks of a communicable disease, outbreaks of a disease of public	Pandemic Plan has been educated and practiced. March 2025 . Education relating to SB Pilicies and Procedures is in
	health significance, epidemics and pandemics - Pandemic Plan	progress.
	Fire - Code Red	Code Red has been educated and practiced. March 2025. By nor month fire drills
	Violent outbursts - Code White	Code Red has been educated and practiced, March 2025, 3x per month fire drills Code White has been educated and practiced, Marc 2025 January 10, 2025
	Bomb threats - Code Black	Code Black has been educated and practiced, March 2025
	Medical emergencies - Code Blue	Code Blue has been educated and practiced, March 2025
	Chemical spills - Code Brown	Code Brown has been educated and practiced, March 2025
	Situations involving a missing resident - Code Yellow	Code Yellow has been educated and practiced, March 2025
	Loss of one or more essential services, this includes hydro, communication,	Code Grey has been educated and practiced, March 2025
	telephone, call bells, et al. Every licensee of a LTC home shall ensure that the home has access to reliable communications equipment, including for	
	the purpose of obtaining emergency assistance, at all times including in the	
	event of a power outage Code Grey	
	Everyption Code Cross	Code Cross has been advested and practiced March 2025
	Evacuation - Code Green Hostage Situation - Code Purple	Code Green has been educated and practiced, March 2025 Code Purple has been educated and practiced, March 2025
	Active Assailant - Code Silver	Code Purple has been educated and practiced, March 2025 Code Silver has been educated and practiced, March 2025
	Natural disasters and extreme weather events - Code Orange	Code Orange has been educated and practiced, March 2025
	Floods - Code Orange	
	Boil water advisories - Code Orange	
	Gas Leak - Code Orange	
8	Community Disasters - Code Orange Review Requirements	
1	Planned evacuations must take place at least once every three years, and	Last evacuation completed November 2023. There is a record of the test and debriefing document.
	licensees must keep a record of the test and any changes made to	
	improve the plan	
	In the event that an emergency happens, plans are to be evaluated and	The home has not experienced an emergancy in 2025.
	updated within 30 days of the event. CIS for the event would be required.	
	Note Outbreaks would include the Debriefing Document.	Last outbreak occurred May 8 - May 22, 2025. CIS was Comple. IPAC Debreifing Document Comleted.
	Enterance Binder Is Completed and reviewed	1. Completed: May 29, 2025. Most recent review: June 9, 2025
	Contingency Staffing Plan is Completed	1. Completed: April 2025 2. Most recent review: In the process of reviewing to allign with SB policies.